



COMMENT OF
THE DAY

Ominous Danger

THE veiled threats contained in Marshal Bulganin's notes sent yesterday to Sir Anthony Eden, M. Guy Mollet and Mr David Ben Gurion, cannot pass unheeded. In effect the Soviet Premier is telling Britain, France and Israel that unless they withdraw their forces from Egypt immediately, Russia is prepared to engage in military intervention.

This threat to throw the whole world into conflict is hidden behind Soviet overtures to the United States to share with her the burden of intervention in the Middle East strife. And Russia's evil designs are further cloaked by bringing a new resolution before the Security Council which, if adopted, would give effect to the Kremlin's sinister machinations.

That there is not the slightest justification for Soviet intervention in Egypt is so obvious that it does not need to be stressed. It is, however, underlined by the latest developments, namely, acceptance by both Egypt and Israel of the UN resolution calling for a ceasefire; the British decision to cease bombings of Egyptian territory; the presence of Anglo-French forces capable of preventing further fighting between Egypt and Israel; and the UN approval of the proposal to establish an international police force to keep the peace in Palestine.

THERE is little doubt that Marshal Bulganin's move to bring about a new line of action by the United Nations, together with his warning notes to Britain, France and Israel, are designed in the first place to distract the attention of the world from Russian aggression in Austria, and from the critical, and to the Soviet Union, embarrassing situation in Eastern Europe. The tormenting question is whether these developments will goad the Russian leaders into taking a line of action that will precipitate a world war.

Washington reaction to the proposal that the United States and other UN members should join Russia in military intervention in Egypt has been immediate and sharp. The reply is categorically in the negative. The Soviet resolution has been vetoed in the Security Council. Nor can the resolution hope to obtain support from the General Assembly. Confronted with such a repudiation by world opinion, will Bulganin then be prepared to carry out his implied threat and attack Britain and France?

BERLIN PROTEST

British Army Men Hurt

Berlin, Nov. 5. Three British soldiers were beaten up by West Berlin demonstrators near the Brandenburg gate on the East-West Berlin border tonight, West Berlin Police stated.

No immediate confirmation was available from British authorities, but German police said they had succeeded in saving the soldiers from the "sympathy for Hungary" demonstrators.

They also boozed Anglo-British action in Egypt.

The 100,000 strong crowd had originally intended to march into East Berlin but were pushed back by police.—Reuter.

The Bulganin notes are throughout hostile and threatening. They contain no suggestion for seeking or obtaining a just, equitable and lasting settlement of the Middle East problems. There is a bullying innuendo contained in the Soviet leader's comparison between using rocket techniques against Britain and France and their operations against what he describes as a "defenceless Egypt." And the unmistakable inference to be drawn from another of his phrases is that should the conflict in Egypt envelop other areas Russia will be among the first to bring about any such development.

New York, Nov. 5. Orders have been given to cease all bombing "forthwith throughout Egypt," the British permanent delegate at the United Nations said tonight.

The diplomat, Sir Plowman Dixon, added, in a note to the Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, that "any other form of air ac-

Moscow, Nov. 5.

Russia told Britain and France today she was ready to join other members of the United Nations in sending naval and air forces to end their intervention in Egypt.

Marshal Nikolai Bulganin, the Soviet Premier, added in letters to Sir Anthony Eden and M. Guy Mollet, the British and French Premiers: "We are full of determination to crush the aggression and re-establish peace in the Middle East through the use of force. We hope that in this critical moment you will show due wisdom and draw the necessary conclusions."

He warned them that the Western observers believed the Russians were specially anxious to counteract Asia's apprehension of Soviet "aggression" in Hungary. They might therefore be tempted to take some action in the Middle East to show their "solidarity" with the Arabs.

Although it was believed the Soviet Government would tread warily in this respect, tonight's apparently well-organized "spontaneous demonstrations" outside the British, French and Israeli embassies in Moscow, plus the violent tone of the Soviet press in the last few days on the Middle East situation indicated that the Soviet people were being prepared for something more than mere expression of support in Pravda editorials.—Reuter

APPEAL TO EDEN

In his letter to Sir Anthony Eden, the Soviet Prime Minister appealed to him "the Labour Party, trade unions and the whole people of Britain to stop the armed aggression and end the world war."

Marshal Bulganin added the significant warning that "such weapons could be delivered, not by means of naval and air forces, but by rocket techniques."

Stressing that Egypt "does not possess sufficient means for her defense," the Soviet Premier asked how a rocket attack on Britain and France differed from the "attack by Great Britain and France on Egypt which is almost unarmed."

Rebels' Plea To Keep Arms

Munich, Nov. 5. Radio Free Europe picked up this appeal from an insurgent at 3:30 p.m.: "Do not lay down your arms. Our national resistance has not ended."

The Hungarian nation cannot be crushed. Armed troops, youths, peasants, workers, hide your guns and your ammunition. Do not surrender them. These guns will be badly needed in the future."

A Soviet-controlled station at 4 p.m. called on resisting Hungarians in the Mecsek area to lay down their arms within four hours. Otherwise, the Soviet Army would be instructed to clear the Mecsek area and annihilate the opposition, it said. The Mecsek area lies around the town of Pecs in southern Hungary, about 20 miles from the Yugoslav border.

WESTERN VIEW

Berlin, Nov. 5. Asked what the Soviet Government's attitude would be if Egypt requested armed aid to defend herself, Mr. Ilyichev said: "In such an event, this is outside the scope of the messages I have just given you."

It was believed in Moscow that the Soviet Government would first make further efforts through the United Nations to secure the end of what is universally described in Russia as "Anglo-French aggression."

But in the absence of United Nations action, the Russians might be forced to do something to redeem their frequently proclaimed pledges of aid and friendship for the Arab States, particularly Egypt.

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The diplomat, Sir Plowman Dixon, added, in a note to the Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, that "any other form of air ac-

tion as opposed to bombing will be confined to the support of any necessary operation in the canal area."

Sir Plowman said that a cease fire had been ordered at Port Said today.

In consequence, he added, "orders have been given that all bombing should cease forthwith throughout Egypt."

A UN spokesman, however, said that "Egyptian army tanks are

now in the air and naval

units required for the purpose."

The Security Council

however refused to consider

Russia's ultimatum.

Supporting the inclusion of

the Soviet item on the agenda

were the Soviet Union, Yugoslavia and Iran.

Against were the United

States, Britain, Australia and

France.

Abstaining were Cuba, Bel-

gium, China and Peru.

Seven votes are required for

any Council decision.

The Soviet Ambassador, Mr.

Arkady Sobolev, submitted the

resolution for the consideration

of the Council at an urgent

night session.

The Soviet Foreign Minister,

Mr. Dmitri Shepilov, said in a

letter sent to the Council today

that the Soviet Union was

"ready to contribute to the

cessation of aggression and to

the victim of aggression and

the restoration of peace by sending

the Council:

"Find it necessary that all

States who are members of the

U.N. and in the first place the

U.S. and the USSR as permanent

members of the Security Council

all possessing powerful air and

sea fleets, render military and

other assistance to the victim of

aggression—the Egyptian Republic—by sending air and

naval units, instructors in technical military matters

and render other forms of

assistance."—United Press.

Israel Ceasefire

New York, Nov. 5.

Israel tonight announced her

unconditional agreement to a

ceasefire in Egypt.

Mr. Abba Eban, Israeli per-

manent representative, said in

a letter to the Secretary-

General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, that this decision was

"in the light of Egypt's declara-

tion of willingness to cease

fire."

Earlier Egypt announced its

acceptance of the United Na-

tions resolution for the

establishment of an interna-

tional police force to keep the

peace in the Middle East.

The acceptance was an-

nounced in a cable from the

Egyptian Foreign Minister, Mr.

Mahmoud Fawzi, to the United

Nations Secretary-General, Mr.

Dag Hammarskjold.

The Assembly had earlier

adopted a Canadian proposal for

the formation of the force.

Egypt is so far the only one

of the four countries involved

in the Middle East fighting to

have accepted unconditionally

the plan for a U.N. force.

A special emergency session of

the U.N. General Assembly

early today adopted a resolution

tabled by Norway, Canada and

Colombia setting up United Nations Command under Canadian Major-General E. L. M. Burns for the proposed police force.

In Stockholm, it was officially

announced that Sweden was

willing in principle to send a

military police force to the

Middle East.

A New Delhi cable said Mr.

Dag Hammarskjold had asked

India if she would be willing

to contribute a contingent to the

proposed international police

force, according to usually reli-

able sources.

It is reported that the question

is under consideration. India

voted for the Canadian resolution

proposing the international force.

Reuter.

RELAX IN DAKS
THE SWIMMING CHAMBER
IN ACTION TRUNKS
Whiteaways

RUSSIAN WARNING ON EGYPT

Threatens To Join Other UN Members To End Intervention

'THIS CAN TURN INTO THIRD WORLD WAR'

Moscow, Nov. 5.

Russia told Britain and France today she was ready to join other members of the United Nations in sending naval and air forces to end their intervention in Egypt.

Marshal Nikolai Bulganin, the Soviet Premier, added in letters to Sir Anthony Eden and M. Guy Mollet, the British and French Premiers:

"We are full of determination to crush the aggression and re-establish peace in the Middle East through the use of force. We hope that in this critical moment you will show due wisdom and draw the necessary conclusions."

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Soviet Move In UN Assembly

New York, Nov. 5.

Russia asked the United Nations Security Council tonight to invite the United States and the Soviet Union to move into the Middle East fighting if Britain, France and Israel did not agree to a ceasefire in 12 hours.

The Security Council to Egypt the air and naval units required for the purpose.

The Soviet U.N. move paralleled a letter from the Soviet Premier Nikolai Bulganin to President Eisenhower suggesting a joint Soviet-American air and naval expedition to the Middle East.

The Soviet resolution called for a ceasefire agreement by Britain, France and Israel "not later than 12 hours from the time of the adoption of the present decision."

KING'S PRINCESS

SHOWING TO-DAY

Added: Latest Local News
Opening Ceremony of Hong Kong A.F.S. Training Centre

NEXT CHANGE



The Rank Organisation presents
DONALD SINDEN
MURIEL PAVLOW
BELINDA LEE
EYE WITNESS
with NIGEL STOCK MICHAEL CRAIG
SUSAN BLAUMONT
Guest star DAVID KNIGHT

HOOVER: LIBERTY

CAUSEWAY BAY TEL. 72371 KOWLOON TEL. 60146-60248

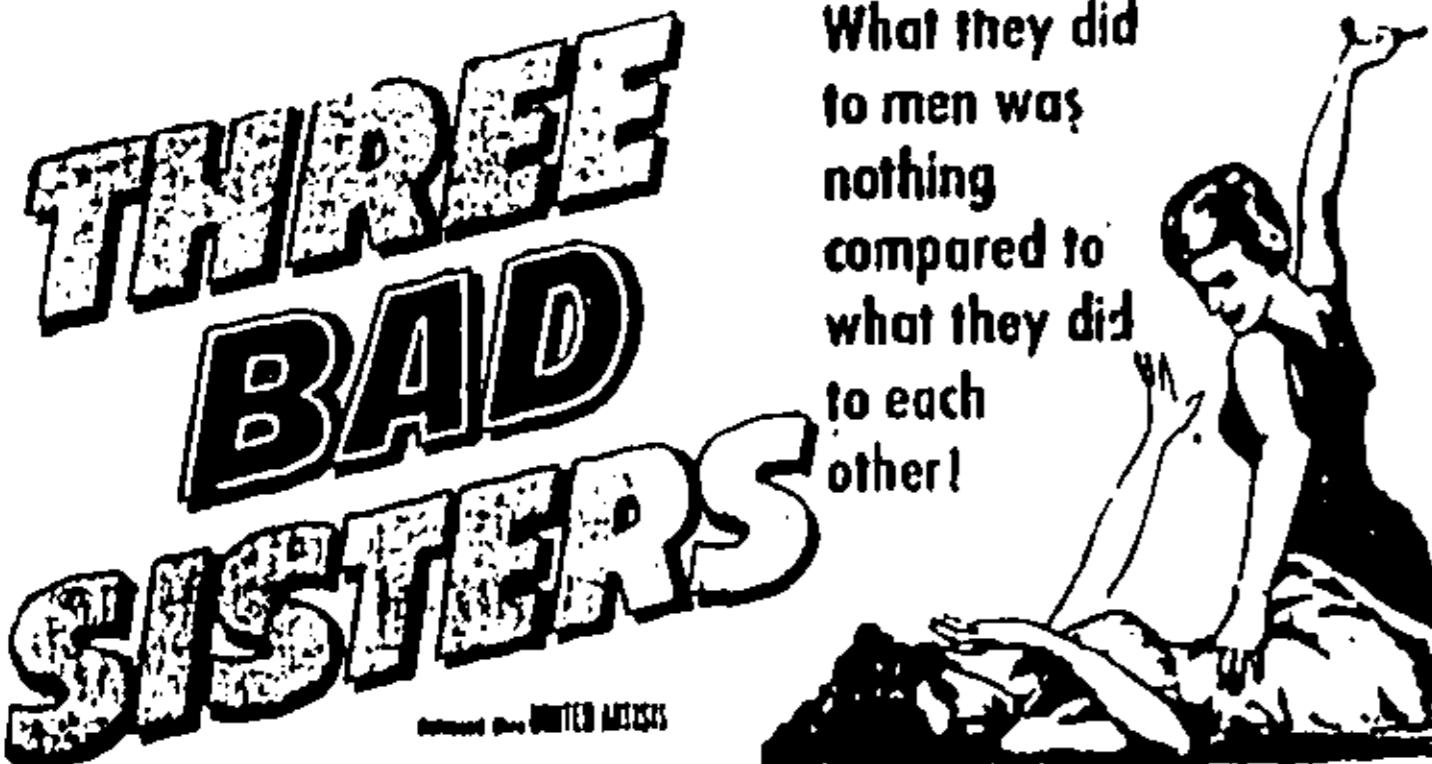
FINAL 4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

Stewart Granger * Deborah Kerr



— TO-MORROW —

What they did
to men was
nothing
compared to
what they did
to each
other!



CAPITOL RITZ

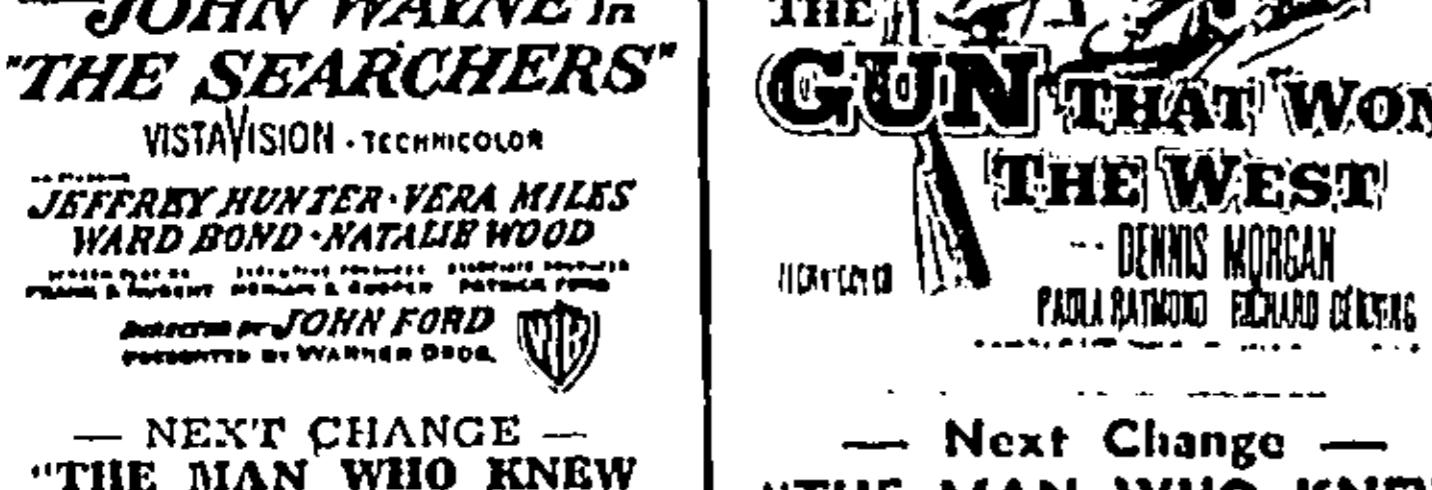
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
First Showing in KowloonGLAZING
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STORY
ACROSS
THE
SCREEN!THE
GUN THAT WON
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REPUBLICANS CONFIDENT OF VICTORY

Soldier-Statesman Essential For White House

By ALFRED KING

New York, Nov. 5.

Election eve dawned in the United States with the Republican supporters of President Eisenhower confident of victory—notwithstanding latest developments in Hungary and the Middle East.

About 61 million Americans vote tomorrow to elect their President for the next four years, renew slightly more than a third of the Senate, and return a new House of Representatives. New governors will be elected in 29 states.

Mr Adlai Stevenson, the Democratic Party's presidential candidate, opposing Mr Eisenhower for the second time, is believed to have had considerable effect on the man-in-the-street with his pronouncements on Hungary and the Middle East.

He has accused the Eisenhower administration of neglecting trends in Eastern Europe and of "bulldozing" the Middle East crisis.

But Republicans answer that latest developments in these two areas make it all the more important that a soldier-statesman like Mr Eisenhower should be returned to the White House.

The past week has had one noticeable effect on election fever in the United States. Those who were predicting an Eisenhower landslide are now more wary in case Republican complacency turns out to be ill-founded.

Same Division

Many are remembering that in 1948 all predictions were upset and Mr Harry Truman was re-elected President after victory for Mr Thomas Dewey was considered a certainty.

Leaving our states that are traditionally Republican or Democratic, tomorrow's presidential contest boils down to 10 key—or "pivotal"—states.

It is conceded that the contest in most of these states will be much closer than it was in 1952, although the public opinion surveys give all of them to Mr Eisenhower.

The same surveys say the Democrats will hold their position as the dominant party in the Senate and House of Representatives. Mr Eisenhower's personal prestige and popularity is not expected to change the present pattern.

The Democrats have 49 members of the Senate to the Re-

publicans' 47. The surveys either give the same division in the new Senate or an increase in Democratic membership by one seat.

All 435 seats in the House of Representatives will be renewed, although Maine held its election on September 10. The state returned two Republicans and one Democrat against three Republicans in the old house. The previous line-up in the House was: Democrats 232, Republicans 203. — China Mail Special.

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Demonstrations In Moscow

CROWDS DEMAND WITHDRAWAL OF ALLIED TROOPS

Moscow, Nov. 5.

Several hundred Russians, chanting, whistling and boozing, tonight gathered outside the British, French, and Israeli embassies in Moscow demanding an end to the war in Egypt. They carried banners and slogans in English, French, and Russian saying "hands off Egypt, down with aggression, we support our Egyptian brothers."

A crowd of 800 jammed themselves between the metal gates of the British Embassy and the banks of the river Moscow.

Two men tried to climb the railings but only succeeded in splintering slogan on the pointed spikes of the railings.

Crowds began to gather outside the British Embassy at 5.30 p.m. (local time). By 8 p.m. they had grown to 800 and although the demonstrations were usually orderly, they pounded the tops of cars entering the Embassy courtyard.

Petitions

A spokesman from the crowd demanded to speak to the British Ambassador. Sir William Hayter, who did not appear at the entrance of the Embassy.

Mr P. Maxey, a Third Secretary of the British Embassy, walked out to the front gate and said petitions would be accepted with deputations.

In two hours 27 petitions were presented by groups of three or four men who marched up the steps of the Embassy and into the reception room, where formal acceptance was made by junior diplomatic officials working in relays.

Each petition was politely acknowledged, but deputations were not permitted to make speeches.

After the 37th petition the Ambassador told the demonstrators he would receive no more.

Chinese Petition

The final petition was in Chinese and came from a Moscow factory in which Chinese apprentices are working. The petition, some of which covered several pages, primarily dealt with the need to stop the fighting in Egypt.

Finally, at 8.0 p.m. a member of the Embassy staff told the demonstrators that they could no longer set foot on Embassy territory and the crowd moved off under police escort toward the French Embassy.

Traffic police blocked off streets for a quarter of a mile.

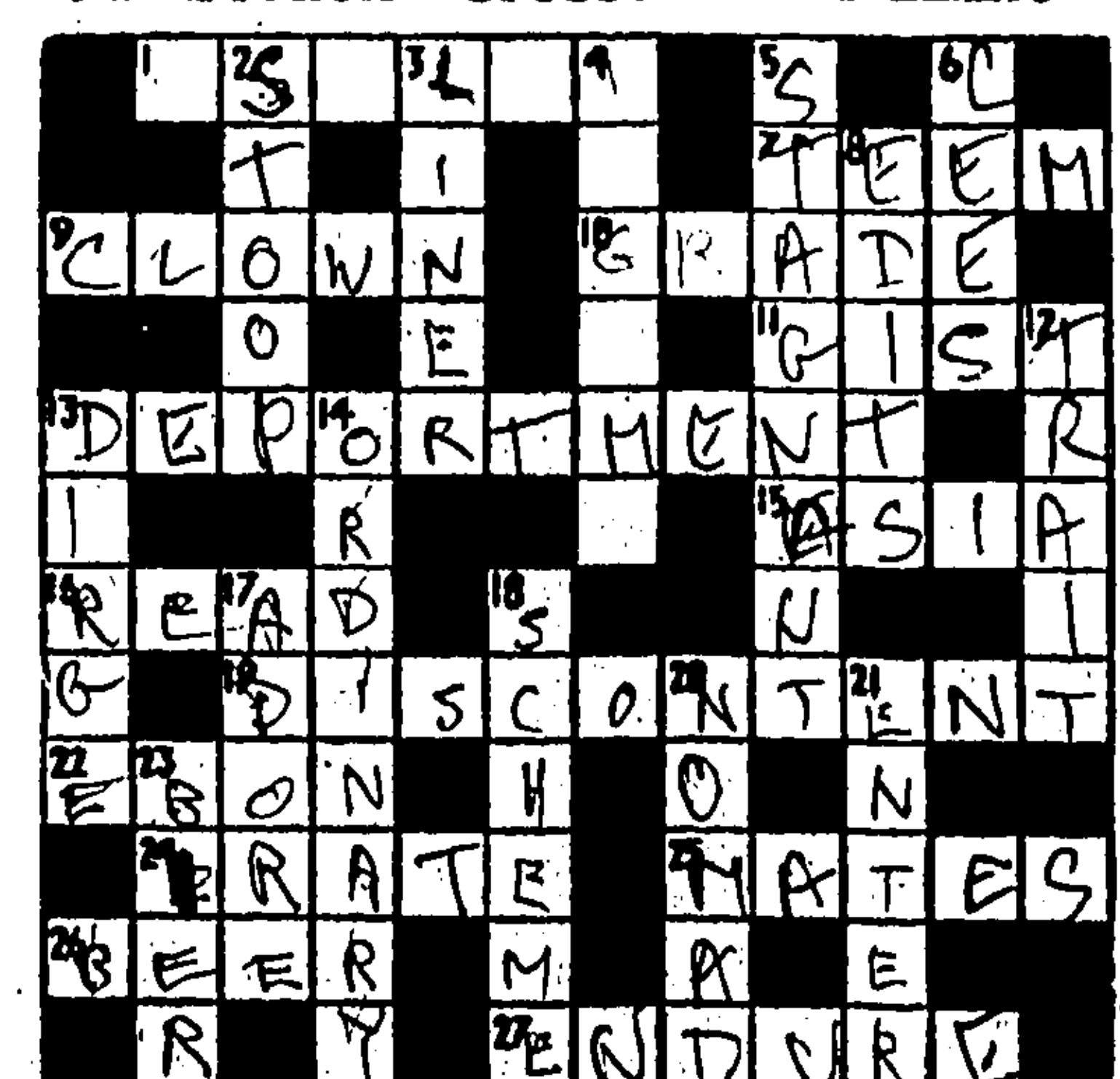
Through Rear

During the height of the demonstrations outside the British Embassy, entry into the yard of the building was prevented by demonstrators.

Embassy staff on night duty gained passage through a rear exit unnoticed by demonstrators. —Reuters.

Dublin, Nov. 5. The Irish Red Cross today announced a nationwide appeal for relief for Hungary and the "Save the Children Fund" to keep Hungary's children alive.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS
1. Groom (6).
7. Abound (4).
9. Clown (6).
11. Main point (4).
13. Carrage (10).
15. Continent (4).
16. Peruse (4).
19. Dissatisfaction (10).
22. Black (4).
24. Angry (6).
25. Companion (6).
26. Beverage (4).
27. Last (6).

DOWN
2. Bend down (6).
3. Passenger ship (5).
4. Prevailing system (6).
5. Motions (8).
6. Dregs (4).
8. Prepares for publication (5).
12. Feature (6).
13. Courtauln restraint (6).
14. Common (8).
17. Mora (a fass of the Engineers) (6).
18. Plan (6).
20. Bedouin (5).
21. Come in (5).
24. General carriage (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1. Placid, 4. Spill, 7. Carpet & Solid, 10. Lid, 12. Demos, 16. Groat, 16. Tart, 17. Area, 18. Ropel, 20. Rustler, 21. Sun, 23. Spore, 24. Boring, 25. Verse, 26. Length, 27. Dowsa, 1. Peccular, 2. Abridges, 3. Item, 5. Promotes, 6. 7. Not, 8. Dovier, 11. Quotients, 12. Dared, 13. Sabot, 14. Sirens, 15. Blimpie.

ISRAEL WILLING TO NEGOTIATE

Tel Aviv, Nov. 5. The Prime Minister of Israel, Mr David Ben Gurion, replying to a cable from a group of British Labour MPs said: "If Nasser wishes for peace, let him send his authorised representatives to meet our representatives."

The MPs, who included Mr Sydney Silverman (Nelson and Colne), Mr Ian Mikardo (Reading, South), Mr Anthony Greenwood (Resendine) and the Hon. Anthony Wedgwood Benn (Bristol, South-east) had cabled Mr Ben Gurion to ask him to say that Israel would have no association with the Anglo-French action on the Suez Canal. The Israeli Premier stated in his reply: "We have not acted nor shall act as agents for any foreign power."

Limited Objectives

The Labour MPs urged Mr Ben Gurion to give an "immediate public assurance that the objective of Israeli action is limited to the protection of Israeli frontiers and the elimination of centres of Egyptian marauders, and has no association with the Franco-British action about the Suez Canal, and that Israel is ready to comply with the United Nations resolution on receiving satisfactory guarantees against further raids."

Mr Ben Gurion's reply said: "We still recall that there were leaders of the Labour Party who did not take seriously Hitler's threats to exterminate the Jewish race till it was too late."

The spirit of the crowds was harsher outside the Israeli Embassy, where some foreign correspondents lost their coats.

Warning

The Israeli Charge d'Affaires, Mr A. Schelouche, refused to talk with the demonstrators, who numbered over 600, but appealed to the Foreign Office to call on the militia to clear the road. The militia did not intervene and the crowd remained for over three and a half hours.

Rounds around the Israeli Embassy were also sealed off from most traffic by policemen who warned foreign cars "be careful not to run into the demonstrators."

This is the first time that such demonstrations have been permitted by the authorities here since the war, according to veteran diplomatic sources.

ACTION URGED OVER HUNGARY

Washington, Nov. 5. Mr William Knowland, Republican Minority Leader in the US Senate, today suggested drastic diplomatic and economic action, if the Soviet Union did not withdraw its forces from Hungary by a given time.

Mr Knowland, in a statement circulated to the press, proposed expelling the USSR from the United Nations, applying economic sanctions against her, or against any satellite country supporting her action in Hungary, and the rupture of diplomatic relations by all the countries of the free world.

Mr Knowland also proposed the formation of an international "unofficial" brigade on the lines of General Claire Chennault's "Flying Tigers," used in China at the time of

FREIGHT RATES UP

London, Nov. 5. British shipping companies with routes East of Suez today decided on a 15 per cent surcharge for cargoes as a result of the Middle East situation.

He added: "I am sorry that you do not see the danger of the Fascist dictator of Egypt."

Mr Ben Gurion's reply concluded: "We are ready at all times to make peace with Egypt. The matter depends entirely and solely on the will of the Government of Egypt."

MEETING CANCELLED

New York, Nov. 5.

Today's session of the United Nations Security Council to continue the hearings on the Israeli-Jordan border has been cancelled with the consent of the Jordanian representative.

No date was set for the next session of the Council on the question.

No official reason was given for the cancellation of the meeting but United Nations sources said that it would be "anti-climatic" for the Council to meet on this question in view of the present emergency Assembly meetings on the Middle East situation. —Reuters.

HUNGARY

the Sino-Japanese War. Senator Knowland said economic sanctions could include the blocking of Soviet credits abroad, embargoes on strategic or non-strategic deliveries to the Soviet Union and the closing of all Soviet economic missions.

Mr Knowland also proposed the formation of an international "unofficial" brigade on the lines of General Claire Chennault's "Flying Tigers," used in China at the time of

Hungarian Refugees In Britain Ready To Fight

London, Nov. 5. There are 500 refugee Hungarians in Britain prepared to return to their homeland at a moment's notice to fight for its freedom, Baron Carl Hajdu, said here tonight.

The Baron, now a London solicitor, is chairman of the committee in the United Kingdom for the assistance of Hungarian freedom fighters.

He told a press conference that a further 1,000 men could be called within a few days to go to Hungary.

Many More

The voiges affected include routes from Britain to Indian and Pakistan ports, East Africa and the Far East.

In the cases of Indian, Pakistan and East African routes, the Conference announced that the surcharge would be effective on both outward-bound cargoes from Britain and the European Continent and inward-bound cargoes from India, Pakistan and East African ports.

A spokesman of the Far Eastern Freight Conference said the inward rates from the Far East would be announced in Singapore.

British shippers have been waiting for the news of the surcharge before making plans for the export trade east of Suez.

A leading British shipper said today that conditions had been in such a state of flux because of the Middle Eastern developments that shippers had been waiting for a lead on freight charges before making any further plans for the export trade. —China Mail Special.

Baron Hajdu added: "We have reason to believe that transportation can be and will be arranged. We are not just hot-headed. I sincerely believe every Hungarian feels as we do whatever his political views are."

Girl Volunteer

Among the people who had answered the committee's call for volunteers and money, the Baron said, were 48 students from British universities.

Other Britons included a girl from York who was prepared to fly her own fare.

French, Polish and Spanish people had also volunteered. —United Press.

Amazing New Discovery! restores your white hair to its ORIGINAL COLOUR within 2 weeks.

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Unbelievable... But True!

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Mine Rescue Abandoned

Springhill, Nova Scotia, Nov. 5. An official of the disaster-struck Springhill coal mine announced today the mine would be sealed off and efforts to rescue the 25 men still trapped would be abandoned.

He said the decision had been "to protect the town of Springhill" from another explosion.

Fire was still burning in the mine and officials feared an explosion because of the large quantities of gas in the shaft. —United Press.

EXHIBITION OF CHINESE EXPORT COMMODITIES

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THE CHINA COMMITTEE FOR THE PROMOTION OF
INTERNATIONAL TRADE

to be held
in
CANTON

DATE: 10th NOV., 1956 — 9th JAN., 1957.



• BY • THE • WAY •

by Beachcomber

THE question is repeatedly asked: Why the International Monetary Fund does not apply its enormous assets to the abolition of foreign exchange controls and reciprocal free payment.

But if bills of exchange are partially frozen, the coupons which pay dividends on bearer stock are subject to tender drafts which need not necessarily be re-endorSED by converting exchange dealings into cash. What is known as the

equivalent rate is dependent on the "long rate," especially if buyers of foreign bills at a discount disregard internal stock prices and shipments of gold. To force down the flow of money for investment is to jeopardise the forward selling which controls the interest level.

Scaring them away

MEN who want to be left alone to drink quietly at parties often use the above subject as a weapon. "What do you think?" they say to a chattering girl, "of this International Monetary Fund business?" "Oh, definitely splendid," says the girl, edging away to warn her friends. If he is landed with an earnest girl who really wants to discuss the International Monetary Fund he had better say quickly, "Oh, I didn't mean that one," and switch to more trivial matters.

Mrs Wretch hits out

THE proof that the censorship of playwriting is in the act that the general public, which does not subscribe to the view of club or society, has a choice of seeing a really filthy play.

(Mrs Wretch.)

Amateur show

OF how it made the audience laugh When Mrs Phelps was sworn in half.

The vicar called for volunteers. And up came Mr Hoofe (loud cheer!).

The victim stepped into the chest, And Hoofe said, "I will do my best."

They carry water in a temporary way. (4-4)

Blamed by the first murderer?

They in a way?

This is right normally in the army. (8)

10. Walked with MELIODOTHIN

11. There was a LEHMSOOGY

12. danger signal. OGDDEALOARD

13. Put it in, WAMMELPILIN

14. SLAMPTINED

15. The great EARNESTLY

16. ELLICIA STAN

20. The noise DISBARRAYS

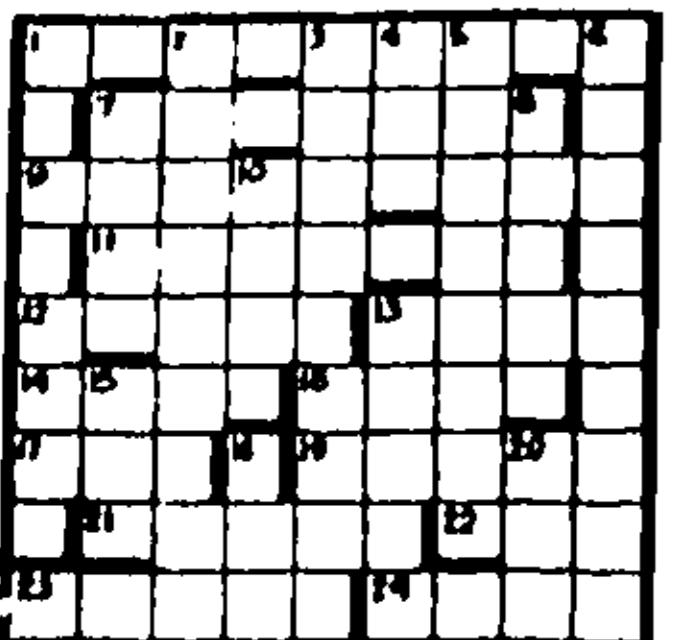
21. 1 am. (3)

22. 20 of the rat. (3)

23. 7 (3)

—Patterson's solution

CROSSWORD



Across:
1. Laughter-music for love. (9)
2. Pie for clowns. (7)
3. Cold climate dogs. (9)
4. In an image. (7)
5. In itself. (7)
6. Not as much as a cloud of smoke. (4)
7. Kind of heat is extra special. (4)
8. Bags in a small way. (4)
9. It's made cake in Scotland. (9)
10. This dimension the boys are marching. (9)
11. She's a villain in King Lear. (5)
12. Robert E. Osterer. (3)
13. Like a much-tutor. (6)
14. Wise cutting machinery. (4)
15. Down:
1. You might well have had this in mind when you had a child. (6)
2. Drives mattocks. (6)
3. He gets top billing. (6)
4. Ophelia became. (3)
5. This is a change. (6)
6. They carry water in a temporary way. (4-4)
7. Blamed by the first murderer? (8)
8. They in a way? (8)
9. This is right normally in the army. (8)
10. Walked with MELIODOTHIN
11. There was a LEHMSOOGY
12. danger signal. OGDDEALOARD
13. Put it in, WAMMELPILIN
14. SLAMPTINED
15. The great EARNESTLY
16. ELLICIA STAN
20. The noise DISBARRAYS
21. 1 am. (3)
22. 20 of the rat. (3)
23. 7 (3)

YOUR BIRTHDAY ... BY STELLA

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6

BORN today, you are a well-rounded personality. You are joyful and fun-loving. You have a good sense of humour which balances this neatly. You have a high sense of honour, are business-like and manage your own affairs well. You are not afraid to take on enough responsibility, and are also enough of an executive so that you can handle important affairs for others with the same sense of fairness and good judgement. You have many of the qualifications of the artist and should have very definite talent in one of the arts which, if developed, should prove a second vocation.

You have the gift of making friends and will have a large circle of devoted admirers. You are active in affairs and are happiest when surrounded by those whom you love. Wed while you are quite young, for you will be happiest if you have your own family group. A fine host or hostess, your home

WEDNESDAY, 7

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Good deeds should reward you in the short term. Press forward in your major career interests and find success.

RAZITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Conditions continue in your favour, so make the most of the good aspects and progress advantageously.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 19)—Take advantage of your personality today if you are to move forward by leaps and bounds toward success.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 18)—A prosperous day for all your plans. Make a careful schedule of work and then carry it out conscientiously.

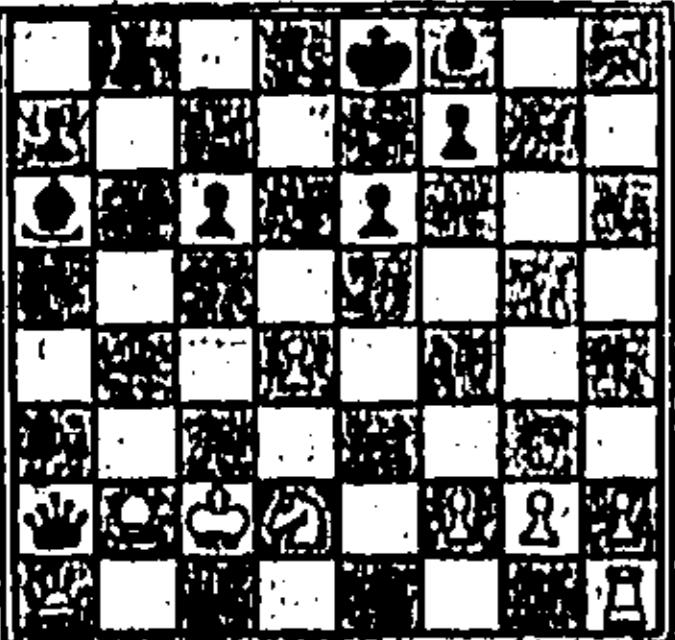
PISCES (Feb. 19-Mar. 21)—A fine day, especially if you are hoping to improve the job you are in or find a better one.

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 19)—If your job is selling, then you should make important strides forward. Find some new customers for your wares.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—A busy day and one in which you may be tempted to spend more money than you should. Stay on the conservative side.

CHESS

by LEONARD BARDEN



From actual play: Black to move and win.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. B—R6, Resigns, for if 1. KxQ, 2. BxPch, K—K1; 3. BxKt ch, K—K1; 4. RxB mate.

This Funny World



9-17

"I'll let you claim you caught these, dear, in exchange for a new dress."

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Swindle Saves South Trouble

By OSWALD JACOBY

NORTH overbid today's hand, and the result was that South got to an "unmakable" contract. South managed to make his contract nevertheless by a very simple swindle.

West opened the queen of spades and dummy won with the king. At first, South couldn't see any way to avoid the loss of a trump trick. It wouldn't do any good to drop a singleton queen, for then one of the opponents would have a trump trick with four to the ten. Nor would it do any good to drop the doubleton queen of diamonds, since then the Jack would drop as well, and an opponent's ten would make.

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After brief thought,

COMBINED CIVILIANS TO MEET ARMY AT CLUB GROUND TOMORROW

By "PAK LO"

The oft postponed, long awaited match between the Combined Civilians and the Army will definitely take place on the Club ground tomorrow evening under the floodlighting system. The game is scheduled to start at 6.30 p.m. prompt, and as a large crowd is expected, intending spectators who want a good view should get to the ground as early as possible.

This game should be one of the best this season as the selectors have picked two very well balanced teams. The Civilians have if anything the faster three line, and every one of them is noted for his fierce tackling.

The Civilian pack also looks wing forwards, so the two scrum halves will have to be smart to succeed to a greater extent in getting the ball cleanly away. The Army three line is not quite so dangerous as the Civilians', and one or two of the selections could, in my opinion, have been bettered. On his

showing over the last few weeks Coyne deserves a place, but he has been missed out.

A NARROW MARGIN

The Army threes are weakest on the right wing, and it is on this factor that I base my selection of the Civilians to win by a narrow margin. Anyway, whatever the outcome my advice to all readers of this column is "Don't miss it." Yesterday evening the Club "B" were scheduled to play 27 Brigade in their postponed match, but the "B" were not able to turn out a full complement, and as they therefore had to include a couple of their first team players they arranged that this match would not count towards the pre-Xmas series points.

The 27 Brigade left the field the winners, in spite of the assistance the Club "B" had, but it was a narrow win, and the fact that the score was 3-3 at half time speaks for itself.

The 27 Brigade threes were always the most dangerous when they moved, and they passed the ball around much more than the Club "B" threes. Against most teams this would have let them win easily, but the Club team tackled like demons, and the hard work of the 27 backs was almost invariably stopped before they had made much ground.

The Club "B" outshone the 27 Brigade, were much superior in the loose, and the lineouts, but the ball came back slowly to Steward at scrum half, and he had a rough time of it for MacCullagh, who again had a good day was on top of him like lightning.

UNUSUAL POSITION

But best of all was Stevens playing in the unusual position of wing forward. He played what can only be described as a "blinder". His fast breaking and ferocious tackling soon had the 27 Brigade threes watching him, instead of the man they were supposed to pass to.

The result was some bad passing, and even Coyne was slightly subdued. The Club kicked off, and attacked at once deep into the 27 Brigade's territory, and in the opening minutes Gould narrowly missed a penalty attempt from well out on the 25. The Club kept up the pressure with Miller and V. Roberts making some good moves, but gradually their attack petered out and 27 swept up.

A penalty took play to the Club 25 and 27 won a lineout, one of the few they did win in this period, and went to within five yards of the Club line where a scrum was ordered. From the scrum 27's threes were sent away, but could not break through until Leigh crossed to catch the defence on the hop, and MacCullagh gathered and went through to score. The conversion was missed.

27 kept up the pressure but then V. Roberts with some nice touch, jockeying sent play down to the 27 Brigade's 25 where there was a lineout. In the loose maul Club got the ball and took it on 10 feet, then kicked ahead and Pritchard gathered it, but was caught in possession and as the ball went loose, Thorpe dropped on it to level the scoring as the conversion was missed.

SECOND HALF

The second half was a slightly different story, for 27 Brigade did most of the attacking, and after a few minutes scored from a scrum about fifteen yards from the Club line. Coyne got the ball and went clean through the defence, and then as he was well and truly tackled by Wiggett the Club half back passed to Gammell, who incidentally played well throughout, who touched down, Roberts converted 8-3.

In the last minute 27 Brigade scored once more, this time from the Club 25, when the forwards took the ball and Blackburn made the opening and sent Robbie over. Roberts converted 13-3.

TOMORROW'S TEAMS

Combined Civilians: Johnston, (Police), March (Police), A. N. Other (Club), Valentine (Club), O'Kelly (Club), Lloyd (Police), Williams (Club), McLean (Club), Brown (Police), Foyles (Police), Ross (Police), Wallace (Police), G. Wright (Club), Fennan (Capt.) (Club), Army, McLean, Sharp, Wynn, King, Worsley, Bell, Arnould, C. Carton, Barnes, Cross, Johnson, Jones, Fennan, McLean, McLean.

LOOKING AT SPORT

"It's Not What You Do But The Way That You Do It"

By DENNIS HART

If javelin throwers are looking for a signature tune they might try: "It's not what you do but the way that you do it." It should be sung in Spanish by the javelin throwers' masked choir led by Felix Efrausquin.

Senor Efrausquin is the man who invented the new method of throwing the javelin, using a discus-type technique.

Most successfully too. He proved that by holding the javelin behind your back and whirling around a few times before opening fire the javelin could be hurled prodigious distances.

That being the object of the exercise everyone should be happy. But no.

With all the dignity it can muster, the International Amateur Athletics Federation has made this proclamation: "This whirling style is not in keeping with the tradition of the sport."

REMARKABLE MAN

Now, the International Association has banished the Efrausquin method at the Olympic Games. The sporting world has been deprived of seeing the results of a remarkable experiment by a remarkable man. For Senor Efrausquin is 50 and he recently achieved a throw that was within a couple of feet of the winning throw of 2420' 0" ins. at the 1952 Olympics.

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The early idea that throwing the discus in the now accepted style "changed the whole character of the sport and made it a somewhat useless variation of throwing the weight or the hammer" has long ago been disproved. It is true that some outstanding hammer throwers in the over 200-lb class can also reach about 160' feet with the discus, but the world class discus throwers can throw the hammer over 160' feet and—curious but true—there have only been rare instances of a world class hammer thrower being able to push the 16-lb shot out beyond 160' feet—Sports Rd.

(London, November 5, 1956)



PICTURE OF OUR OLYMPIC CONTINGENT AT MELBOURNE IF THE VARIOUS MINOR OFFICIALS HAD THEIR WAY.

Ray Vicrett

INDIA NEED 219 RUNS TO BEAT AUSTRALIA IN THIRD AND FINAL TEST

Calcutta, Nov. 5.

India needed 219 runs with all second wickets in hand to beat Australia with two days left for play in the third and final cricket Test here.

Australia won the First Test by an innings and drew the second.

India were dismissed in their first innings for 130 shortly after the start today in reply to Australia's 177. Australia declared their second innings at 189 for nine and by the close India had made 12 without loss.

Neil Harvey, left-hander, hit a solid 69 which helped Australia declare their second innings shortly after tea today, leaving India to score 223—highest total of the match—on a pitch taking spin.

MOST EFFECTIVE

Apart from Harvey who batted with assurance for three hours, hitting eight fours, the Indian spinners worried the early Australian batsmen. Vinoo Mankad who took four for 49 and Ghulam Ahmad, three for 81, were most effective.

These ancient Games grew until Pindar could describe them as "the Flower of Festivals, excellent as water, bright as gold, brilliant as the noonday sun." This was a superlative extension to the world of art, poetry and sculpture, but the importance of the Games still lay in the search for a hero who embodied all this excellence.

The Australians ran into trouble before lunch, losing three for 27. The fourth wicket fell at 59 but bold tactics afterwards paid dividends.

Burge, Mackay, Benard and Lindwall all had spirited knocks before being dismissed trying to force the pace.

SCOREBOARD

Australia, first innings, 177; second innings 189 for nine declared.

India, first innings, 136; second innings 12 for no wicket at the close.—Reuter.

BOWLING

O M R W

Tyson 5 2 10 1

Corder 4 0 6 1

Lock T 4 2 14 6

Wardle 7 2 23 2

—Reuter.

NEVER TOO OLD

Jock Wilkinson was the outstanding player for Albion Foundry in their West Bromwich League match against Swan Roers. He scored a "hat trick" and helped in a 6-0 victory. Remarkable, because Jack is 46 years old.

In the last minute 27 Brigade

scored once more, this time from

the Club 25, when the forwards

took the ball and Blackburn

made the opening and sent Robbie over. Roberts converted 13-3.

TOMORROW'S TEAMS

Combined Civilians: Johnston, (Police), March (Police), A. N. Other (Club), Valentine (Club), O'Kelly (Club), Lloyd (Police), Williams (Club), McLean (Club), Brown (Police), Foyles (Police), Ross (Police), Wallace (Police), G. Wright (Club), Fennan (Capt.) (Club), Army, McLean, Sharp, Wynn, King, Worsley, Bell, Arnould, C. Carton, Barnes, Cross, Johnson, Jones, Fennan, McLean, McLean.

Who Will Be The Hero Of The Olympic Games At Melbourne?

By ROGER BANNISTER

Unlike the Olympic Games, many popular occasions, even Royal ones, can be predicted almost in their entirety, though the postponement of the ceremony of Trooping the Colour was a little unfortunate for the lady gossip writer whose wealth of detail appeared in print before the event took place.

Unhappily, I cannot drop an Olympic article in the post and set off carefree for Melbourne. I could safely say now, of course, that 5,000 athletes will be there and almost as many officials!

But what about those unexpected incidents? And as to the mood of the Games, it is four years since I felt the tension generated as the athlete waits like a lit fuse for the moment of his explosive activity. No, the Olympic Games are not a film for which the script can be written in advance. Each inevitably brings a drama which no chronicler can predict with sufficient speed and stamina to dominate over his favourite distance, the 8,000 Metres. Runners, like singers, are weakest at the upper and lower ends of their register, but the weakest notes of Iharos were world records.

But these hopeful predictions have faded recently with the loss of his two world records, one to his fellow countryman, Ivan Rozsavolgyi, and the 10,000 Metres to Vladimír Kuts, of Russia.

All three British 5,000 Metres runners, Pirie, Chataway and Tibbott, have defeated Iharos in different races, so that Britain would seem, for the first time for many years, to have a chance of providing an outstanding Olympic victory. We may find the 8,000 Metres as replacing the 1,500 Metres as the great race of the Games.

Choosing Olympic victors beforehand is as difficult as picking Premium Bond winners without the help of an electronic machine. I suppose a time may come when Olympic results can be foretold with confidence. In the days of Lysenko, that moment seemed a step nearer. I visualised a good crop of little Russian boys running their way to some sort of maturity with an eight-hour day on the treadmill. Their training and astonishing progress would be card-indexed to make the forecaster's work easier.

Now that Darwin is back in fashion, it may seem that by the twentieth century an Olympic runner will be bred with a second heart as a supercharger, and spikes sprouting from the soles of his feet. I have to confess that I do not expect to see this in my time, and I am glad that the outcome of Olympic races will remain a secret until after the event.

AMATEUR BASEBALL

Protests First, Funds Uncertain

Manila, Nov. 6.

The projected World Amateur Baseball Championship between the Philippines and Cuba, scheduled to start here on November 11, suffered a major hitch yesterday when the Cuban baseball authorities questioned the right of four local players.

While the Cuban protest to the Philippine Amateur Athletic Federation did not identify the players, it claimed that they saw action in two exhibition games against the New York Yankees in Manila last year.

The Federation promptly wired Cuba that there were no professional ball players in the Philippines and that it had sanctioned the exhibition match between Philippines selection and the Yankees.

The Federation further stated that not only were there four players but 12 in the current Philippine selection which will choose Club.

There are even reports that the Philippines may win the World Championship by default due to the reported inability of the Cuban team to come here because of lack of funds.—France-Press.

SCHOOLBOYS' INTERPORT TENNIS TEAM

The following have been selected to be the representatives of the HKLTA in the coming "Junior" School Boys' Interport Tennis matches against Macao on the 10th and 11th November:

Mo Yee-sing (New Method), Tsou Tsun-wah (St. Paul's), Wong Nai-bun (Kings), Lee Ping-yu (KGV), R. Pepperell (KGV), Choy Yuk-ming (St. Paul's), Choy Yuk-kwong (St. Paul's), Cheng Kwok-wing (Wanchai), Cheng Kwok-hung (Wanchai), To Hin-lung (Tak Yan), To Hin-leung (Wan Yan).

The team will leave with their manager, Mr. S. L. Ho, the Hon. Secretary of the HKLTA on Friday, November 9, mid-night, by the s.s. Tak Shing. There will be ten singles matches and five doubles matches.

FRIDAY

Badminton, Section 1: LSC v. KTC, CYMA v. HAPI.

Football, Railway and Ross Cup, -3rd round at Fanning.

Handball, Section 1: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 2: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 3: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 4: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 5: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 6: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 7: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 8: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 9: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 10: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 11: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 12: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 13: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 14: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 15: CYMA v. HAPI.

Handball, Section 16: CYMA v. HAPI.

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ME. MACDONNELL ROAD, 1 sitting
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NOTICE

CHINA LIGHT & POWER
CO., LTD.

Notice To Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that the Directors of China Light & Power Co., Ltd. intend to recommend at the Annual General Meeting a Final Dividend of 80 cents per share on fully-paid shares in respect of the year ended 30th September, 1956.

Dividends on partly-paid shares will be paid on a pro rata basis.

By Order of the Board
of Directors
P. W. A. WOOD,
Secretary &
Chief Accountant

Hong Kong,
5th November, 1956.

P&O

R.M.S. "CHUSAN"

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS

SAILS: Wednesday, 7th November, at 11.00 a.m. for the UNITED KINGDOM, via Singapore, Penang, Colombo, thence with liberty to proceed via Suez, Panama or the Cape of Good Hope.

BAGGAGE: Passengers are requested to send ALL BAGGAGE to the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf Co's Godown No. 2 GATE, CANTON ROAD ENTRANCE, by Noon on Tuesday, 6th November.

SPECIAL NOTE: With the exception of hand packages carried by passengers themselves, ALL BAGGAGE must pass through the Wharf Co's Godown for loading on board by ship's slings only.

EMBARKATION: Passengers should embark between 8.30 and 10.00 a.m. on 7th November, 1956.

Subject to Alteration with or without notice

Lloyd Triestino Vessels

m.v. "ASIA" & m.v. "VICTORIA"

Dodwell & Co., Ltd. Agents for Lloyd Triestino, are just in receipt of advice as under:

ASIA which departed from Hong Kong for Italy on 28th October, will proceed by normal ports as far as Karachi, thence via the Cape of Good Hope to Italy.

VICTORIA due to leave Naples for Hong Kong on the 31st October and from Hong Kong to Italy on the 27th November has been cancelled.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. will be pleased to give any further information available on request.

Canadian Conservative Party
Threatened
Resignation Of
Leader

Ottawa, Nov. 5. With a general election expected next June, the immediate future of Canada's principal Opposition party, the Progressive Conservatives, has been thrown into confusion as a result of the resignation because of ill health of its leader, Mr George Drew.

Some short term effect may already be evident with the party's long term prospects must depend to a considerable extent upon the choice of a new leader to be chosen at a national convention to be held in Ottawa on December 12 to 14.

Mr. Drew's resignation can hardly be traced to the tremendous physical and mental strain placed upon him during the tempestuous debate on the trans-Canada pipeline and the rights of Parliament last summer.

Other Deaths

Mr. Drew had made a good recovery from an attack of cerebral spinal meningitis two years ago but had to leave Parliament before the end of the session, suffering from nervous exhaustion.

The pipeline debate had already occasioned the death of a Liberal Member of Parliament, Dr. J. L. MacDeegeal, and resulted in several other Members being sent to hospital.

At the present Conservative Members of Parliament, four are easily outstanding in the race for leader: Mr. John Diefenbaker, Q. C. of Prince Albert Saskatchewan; Donald Fleming, of Kingston, Toronto; Mr. Davie

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

DONA AURORA

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Holme Wharf from 10 a.m. on November 7, 1956, and consignees are requested to have their representatives present during the survey.

BUFFETFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents

Hong Kong November 5, 1956

Fulton, Kamloops, British Columbia, and Mr. George Hees, of Toronto City.

For its choice of its past two leaders, however, the Conservative Party has gone outside the banks of Parliament, and imported successful provincial Premiers, Mr. John Bracken, of Manitoba, and Mr. George Drew, of Ontario. It has done this in spite of the fact that the provincial and federal fields of politics are sharply different and in spite of the added circumstances that provincial leaders have not usually proved particularly successful in Dominion politics, certainly in the past quarter of a century.

Quickly Denied

In the present instance, there is little doubt that a majority of Conservatives would prefer Mr. Leslie Frost, the highly popular Premier of Ontario as national leader, if he could be persuaded to accept the job.

As soon as Mr. Drew resigned, pressure was brought to bear upon Mr. Frost, but he quickly denied all intention or willingness to accept.

If the Conservatives once again go outside Parliament, the choice would be most likely to fall upon Dr. Sidney Smith, President of the University of Toronto, provided that Mr. Frost continues to refuse nomination.

Most prominent among the aspirants is Mr. John Diefenbaker, who was third in the running at the party's Winnipeg convention during wartime and then was runner-up to Mr. Drew at the 1948 convention. Mr. Diefenbaker was the Opposition's critic in matters touching upon the Department of Justice, and made a great reputation as a debater and a sort of political prosecuting attorney for the Opposition. Recently, he has been the official spokesman of his party on foreign affairs, a role which comes less easily to him and in which there is comparatively small opportunity for partisan debate.

UK Supported

During the Suez crisis, Mr. Diefenbaker supported the policies of the British Prime Minister, Sir Anthony Eden, while the Co-operative Commonwealth Federation (Socialist) party was critical of them and the Liberal Government said as little as possible publicly.

Mr. Diefenbaker's weakness is his lack of following in Quebec, Canada's great French-speaking province, which is the key province in the Dominion politically. Failure to win more than a handful of seats in French Canada has more than anything else prevented the Conservative party from offering real opposition to the Liberals in any election since that of 1930. The demand for Dr. Smith as leader comes mostly from Quebec.

Mr. Donald Fleming, on the contrary, has a certain following in Quebec but lacks the support enjoyed by Mr. Diefenbaker across the country, particularly in the West. Mr. Fleming has taken great pains to learn French, which he reads easily and speaks fairly well from a prepared text.

Rhodes Scholar

In the recent pipeline debate, he was "named" and required to leave the Commons chamber for one day, a circumstance which will by no means militate against his chances since Opposition sympathies were with him.

Mr. El. Davie Fulton is a brilliant former Rhodes scholar from British Columbia, still in his thirties. In the recent debate he was on youth in the choice of leader, either Mr. Fulton or Mr. George Hees, would be elected. Mr. Hees is the president of the national Conservative association and a party organiser of considerable note, who is credited with having defeated the "old guard."

On the short term, the Conservative convention is bound to put an end to any informal agreement between the Conservative and Co-operative Commonwealth Federation parties which worked closely together in the pipeline and rights-of-parliament debates, leading to rumour that there might be an election understanding between them. —China Mail Special.

Townsend On World Tour



Picture received from Istanbul shows ex-air attaché, Peter Townsend during a Press conference held in Istanbul, where he arrived recently on his world tour by car. His next stage is toward Teheran. — Central Press Photo.

ADENAUER
FOR PARIS

Bonn, Nov. 5. Dr. Konrad Adenauer, the West German Chancellor, left by train for Paris tonight to confer with French leaders on the Hungarian and Middle East crises and other problems.

Dr. Adenauer boarded his special train at Melsheim near here. Dr. Heinrich von Brentano, the Foreign Minister, accompanied him. — Reuter.

New Liberal
Leader

Bon, Nov. 5. Mr. Joseph Grindon tonight was formally elected leader of the parliamentary Liberal Party.

At 43, Mr. Grindon, a Scot, is the youngest of the six Liberal Members of Parliament.

He succeeds Mr. Clement Davies, 72, who announced in late September that he had come to hand over the leadership to a younger man.

The invitation was extended by Marshal Josef Tito when Mr. Kuramanis met the Yugoslav President at Cetin during the summer. — Reuter.

He has been chief Liberal Whip in the Commons since March, 1950. — Reuter.

Washington, Nov. 5.
President Dwight Eisenhower

stated tonight that whatever the outcome of the US presidential election tomorrow, rejoining should be "limited."

The President, who was speaking at the Republican Party national headquarters, said it should be remembered that "our friends in Eastern Europe still are enslaved in a suffering and there still is a threat to world peace in Egypt."

— France-Press.

Two-way Traffic

Apart from a couple of days at the beginning of October and a day or two at the end, it has been generally assumed that the exchange equalisation account was called on to supply virtually no dollars throughout the month.

Since it deals in a two-way traffic, it may even have managed to offer sterling on certain days.

— The Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7

By Air

Farnes, 6 a.m.

Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan & Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 6 p.m.

Philippines, N. Borneo, 6 p.m.

Japan, 6 p.m.

Hawaii, U.S.A., 6 p.m.

Loos, 6 p.m.

By Surface

Indo-China, France (Italy, via Manila), Portugal, 6 p.m.

Germany, Parcels direct, 6 p.m.

Macao, 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6

By Air

Farnes, 6 a.m.

Philippines, N. Borneo, 6 p.m.

Japan, Korea, 6 p.m.

Hawaii, U.S.A. & Canada, 6 p.m.

China, People's Republic, 7 a.m.

Malaya, New Zealand, Germany,

Parcels direct, Noon.

Macao, 1 p.m.

Thailand, India, Pakistan (Portuguese), 2 p.m.

Canada, 2 p.m.

Japan, Korea, 4 p.m.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8

By Air

Peking, Shanghai, Hankow, 7 a.m.

Thailand, Pakistan, Lebanon, Germany, France & Great Britain, 9 a.m.

Indo-China, Noon.

Philippines, 1 p.m.

Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 6 p.m.

Thailand, Burma, India, Ceylon, U.S.A., 6 p.m.

CHINA AND JAPAN
HAVE RUN
DOWN RESOURCES

London, Nov. 5. Commenting on the impact of the Suez crisis on sterling prospects, the London Times wrote today that "both China and Japan have run down their resources in the past six months."

The Independent Conservative daily added, "Japan is now acutely short of sterling and China has sold large amounts in Zurich."

These are among reasons put forward by the Times for stating that "there are good reasons for thinking that sterling is now stronger technically than in 1953."

Considering that the whole Suez Canal crisis has occurred at what is generally considered to be a weak period for sterling, its behaviour since the end of July has been not too disconcerting. — France-Press.

Under Strain

The Times stated that "sterling has been under strain for a full week, it is well not to exaggerate what has happened so far."

The changes in rates last week were often out of all proportion to the amount of business transacted.

"On several days, continental rates fluctuated violently on a minimum of business. Events in the Middle East are still moving fast enough for little more than cautious adjustments to have been made so far."

"Events of this magnitude are bound to leave their mark on a world-wide currency such as sterling. That is inevitable and expected. The important point is what it may cost in gold and dollars."

The Times added, "Although the decline of \$84,000,000 in reserves last month was hardly encouraging, it is unlikely to have reflected the cost of supporting sterling in that period."

Two-way Traffic

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— The Times.

There's no Magic
about CADBURY'S
FROZEN STRAWBERRIES

If we were any fresher
we'd still be
on the vine!

TRY
FROZEN STRAWBERRIES
TODAY

ERNE BUSHMILLER

ROWNTREE'S

ERNE BUSHMILLER

...this situation
calls for a
Sau
Miguel

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

YOU SAID YOU<br

TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

Early End To Suez Conflict

Necessary OIL SUPPLIES KEY TO THE POSITION

From RONALD BOXALL

London, Nov. 5. The situation in the Middle East is still too confused to allow pronouncement to be made with any certainty on its economic consequences. The opinions among informed quarters in London, however, is that these consequences are not likely to be serious if the conflict along the Suez Canal is ended reasonably quickly.

The first reaction to Sir Anthony Eden's decision to intervene in the Egyptian-Israeli war was to begin to cautiously lay extra stocks when Britain's action was announced.

Price Rise

Copper, lead, zinc and rubber have all risen in price in recent weeks substantially but the advance slowed down appreciably after the initial reaction to the news.

Unlike oil, these essential raw materials do not come from the areas affected by the present conflict. But some of them do not go straight on their way to Britain and these would have to be transported by other routes. Stocks are sufficient in this country to tide industry over the period while supplies are delayed by this re-routing, but the longer the haul would mean higher prices.

No Alarm Yet

Whether these powers will be used depends like everything else—on how quickly the fighting stops and the Canal is re-opened. But there is no cause for alarm yet. If the campaign in Egypt is prolonged for more than a few weeks some form of petrol and fuel oil rationing will be needed. But at the moment no one outside the Government appears to be taking this possibility very seriously.

The whole question of ensuring Britain's oil supplies was thoroughly examined when Nasser first seized the Canal. It appeared then that if the Canal was closed for more than a few weeks and remained closed Britain would obtain enough oil for her needs by rerouting her tankers from Middle East sources round the Cape of Good Hope and importing more oil from the Western Hemisphere.

Two things, however, have changed since this assessment was made. The first is that whereas Britain had the full co-operation of the United States in the early stages of the Suez Canal crisis she was acting without American support when she took military action.

Trinidad Sale

The Treasury spokesman also pointed out that the gold and dollar position in October was actually better than in September when the gold gain of \$52 million was more than accounted for by the receipt of \$177 million in respect of the sale of the Trinidad Oil Company to American interests. London Express Service.

Few Sellers In London Markets

London, Nov. 5.

There was little selling on the London Stock Market today despite an apparent general dislike for the Government's action in the Middle East.

Some sections opened weak but steadied on buying in late dealings, with the general market down slightly at the close.

Oils were the chief losers.

Among oils Shell and Burmah were down about two shillings and British Petroleum more than a shilling.

BONDS RALLY

British Government bonds rallied slightly but still finished off £4 to £11/16. Industrial stocks were dull most of the day and closed about three shillings lower.

National Bank of Egypt dropped £2 to £11/16. Suez Canal Co. moved £ in quiet dealings.

Hungarian bonds continued to fall, losing as much as 23/4 German states also dropped as much as £1—United Press.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to approximately \$740,000. Mean quotations and the morning's transactions.

Shares	Buyers	Sellers	Sales
BANKS	1020		
INSURANCES	975	985	
SHIPPING	645	690	2000
DOCKS, ETC.	88		
Dock	414	441	500
PROPS. ETC.	13.90	13.90	
LAND	14.60	14.90	300
Hotels	14.60	14.90	500
HS. Land	62	65	100
Humphreys	10.20	10.50	1000
Am. B.	1.925	1.95	10000
Trains	1.975		10000
UTILITIES	22.70	22.80	200
Trams	22.70	22.80	1000
Yankee	103	105	500
Light (Old)	23.70	24	500
Electric	3074	311	142
Telephone	21.20	24	500
Gas	23.10	23.30	500
INDUSTRIALS	314	318	500
STORES, ETC.	10		2750
DATA	14.60	14.70	3000
PEPPERS	13		3000
TEXTILES	4.05		750
MENTS	7.60		
Almond	4.95	5.04	5
China Light (Old)	Final Div.		1000

The copper lead, zinc and rubber have all risen in price in recent weeks substantially but the advance slowed down appreciably after the initial reaction to the news.

Unlike oil, these essential raw materials do not come from the areas affected by the present conflict. But some of them do not go straight on their way to Britain and these would have to be transported by other routes. Stocks are sufficient in this country to tide industry over the period while supplies are delayed by this re-routing, but the longer the haul would mean higher prices.

The fall in sterling resulting from the Middle East flare-up was cushioned by the short position in the currency that developed in the summer but the rate fell enough to require official support in the last two days of October.

The gold and dollar reserves fell by \$14 million during the month to \$2,244 million, but the official support to the sterling exchange rate did not affect the month's gold and dollar accounts. Indeed it is believed that official intervention in support of the pound was on a smaller scale than in the preceding month.

The whole question of ensuring Britain's oil supplies was thoroughly examined when Nasser first seized the Canal. It appeared then that if the Canal was closed for more than a few weeks and remained closed Britain would obtain enough oil for her needs by rerouting her tankers from Middle East sources round the Cape of Good Hope and importing more oil from the Western Hemisphere.

Two things, however, have changed since this assessment was made. The first is that whereas Britain had the full co-operation of the United States in the early stages of the Suez Canal crisis she was acting without American support when she took military action.

The second difference between the situation then and now is that by using armed force against Egypt, Britain has invited the active antagonism of other Arab states which either produce oil or allow facilities for oil to be piped over their territory to Mediterranean loading points.

Possibility

There is a possibility that Jordan and Syria might respond to Nasser's appeal that they should cut the pipelines that carry Iraqi oil across their territories to the sea and this of course would be a serious blow. But the situation would not be hopeless if enough others could be made available to bring oil from the Persian Gulf around the Cape of Good Hope—though this would mean diverting British tankers away from their present job of supplying consumers in Africa, Asia and Australia.

As for the possibility of America carrying its opposition to the Anglo-French policy in the Middle East, so far as to deny her additional oil supplies from sources under its control this is a possibility that has been examined only to be rejected.

Other raw materials reach Britain through the Suez Canal but no serious interruption of supplies should occur if—as everyone now fears—the "state of armed conflict" between this country and Egypt is ended quickly. Meanwhile, manufacturers in Britain and on the Continent appear to be content

WALL STREET STAGES SMART RALLY

New York, Nov. 5. Stocks ran up to their best levels since mid-September in a pre-election rally today which generated the heaviest demand since June 8.

Turnover swelled to 2,830,000 shares from 2,180,000 on Friday with the heaviest rush coming late in the day as prices moved to their highs.

Oil shares, steels, metals and chemicals paced the rise which started numerous gains of 2 and 3 points and some even wider moves in individual securities.

Industrials as a group climbed 4.40, on average, despite adjustment of 140 points for dividends. Railroads were up 1.02 and utilities added 0.16. Of a total 1,177 issues traded, 733 were higher, only 220 lower on the day.

Oils Ease

Report of a ceasefire in Port Said added impetus to the rise and brought a smart recovery in International oils which had been lower in early dealings while domestic oils, strong early in the session, eased.

Among the international oils, Gulf ran up over 2, Royal Dutch nearly 2 and Getty Oil close to a point. Seaboard Oil, Sinoil, Sinclair, Amerada and Texas Gulf Producing rose around 2 points, the last helped by a stock dividend.

Jersey Standard added around a point in the second most active turnover of the day.

It was topped only by US Steel on volume. Big Steel, selling ex-dividend, rose 1.5%.

Chrysler and General Motors added over a point each in motors and Ford gained 1.10. Rail gains ran to 2.4 points in Louisville & Nashville.

New York Stock Exchange bond volume was \$4,620,000. American Stock Exchange volume was 870,000 shares.

The Dow-Jones closing averages were: 30 industrials 463.50; 20 railroads 25.24; 20 utilities 47.24; 50 stocks 174.68; 50 bonds 91.03; Comex, future price index 163.44; Comex, spot price index 163.43; Moody's index 420.40.

Closing Prices

Alfred A. Healy	10	10	10
Alfred Chalmers	10	10	10
American Ailine	10	10	10
American Cable & Radio Corp.	10	10	10
Almond	4.95	5.04	5
China Light (Old)	Final Div.		1000

Exchange Rates

Canada	1.03-3/16	1.03-3/16
England official	1.03-3/16	1.03-3/16
Unofficial	1.03-3/16	1.03-3/16
U.S. dollar	2.77-13/16	2.77-13/16
90-day futures	2.76-1/2	2.76-1/2
Others	unavailable	—
London exchange	unavailable	—
unavailable	—	—

London exchange rates were unavailable—United Press.

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Alfred A. Healy	10	10	10
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American Cable & Radio Corp.	10	10	10

London exchange rates were unavailable—United Press.

New York Foreign Exchange

New York, Nov. 5. Closing rates were: Canada 1.03-3/16; England official 1.03-3/16; Unofficial 1.03-3/16; U.S. dollar 2.77-13/16; 90-day futures 2.76-1/2; Others 1.03-3/16; London exchange rates were unavailable—United Press.

New York Cotton Futures In Narrow Range

New York, Nov. 5. Cotton futures today see-sawed nervously while traders studied developments in the Middle East.

Alternate spurts of buying and selling kept prices bucking and falling over a range of \$2 a bale as traders even-up for the election holiday tomorrow.

Closing on a reaction the list finished off 1 to 21 points. Opening prices were off 5 to up 11 points. New Orleans closed off 15 to 17 points.

After an uncertain start, prices rallied briskly, with new crops gaining up to \$1.45 a bale. News of a ceasefire at Port Said brought a mid-morning rush of realising by early buyers, but the pressure slackened later with Egyptian denial of a ceasefire and anger negotiations at Port Said.

Post-opening strength reflecting expanding raw cotton exports, plus lower private crop estimates and covering operations before the holiday in face of small weekend hedge offerings.

The Commodity Credit Corp. sold 594,718 bales of export cotton thus boost the bales under the export programme so far to 6,226,378 bales.

A private crop estimate today indicated the Nov. yield at 13,142,000 bales, off 126,000 bales from the preceding government report and compared with 14,721,000 bales produced last year.

Prices of futures closed today as follows:

Nov. 30, 1956, 32.30; Dec. 1, 1956, 32.32; March, 32.30; May, 32.32; July, 32.30; October, 32.35; March, 32.03.

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